1-8 Videos Guide

1-8a

Definition: (continuous at *a*)

- A function f is continuous at a number a if $\lim_{x \to a} f(x) = f(a)$.
- Types of discontinuity
- Functions that are continuous

1-8b

Exercise:

• Find values of *a* and *b* that make *f* continuous everywhere.

$$f(x) = \begin{cases} \frac{x^2 - 4}{x - 2}, & x < 2\\ ax^2 - bx + 3, & 2 \le x < 3\\ 2x - a + b, & x \ge 3 \end{cases}$$

1-8c

Theorem (statement):

• Intermediate Value Theorem: Suppose f is continuous on the closed interval [a, b] and let N be any number between f(a) and f(b), where $f(a) \neq f(b)$. Then there is a number $c \in (a, b)$ such that f(c) = N.

Exercise:

• Use the Intermediate Value Theorem to show that the equation has at least one real solution.

$$\frac{2}{x} = x - \sqrt{x}$$